DURATION OF ANTIPLATELET THERAPY AFTER PCI DR KESHAVA R FORTIS HOSPITAL **CUNNINGHAM ROAD**





Timeline of stent evolution and DAPT duration



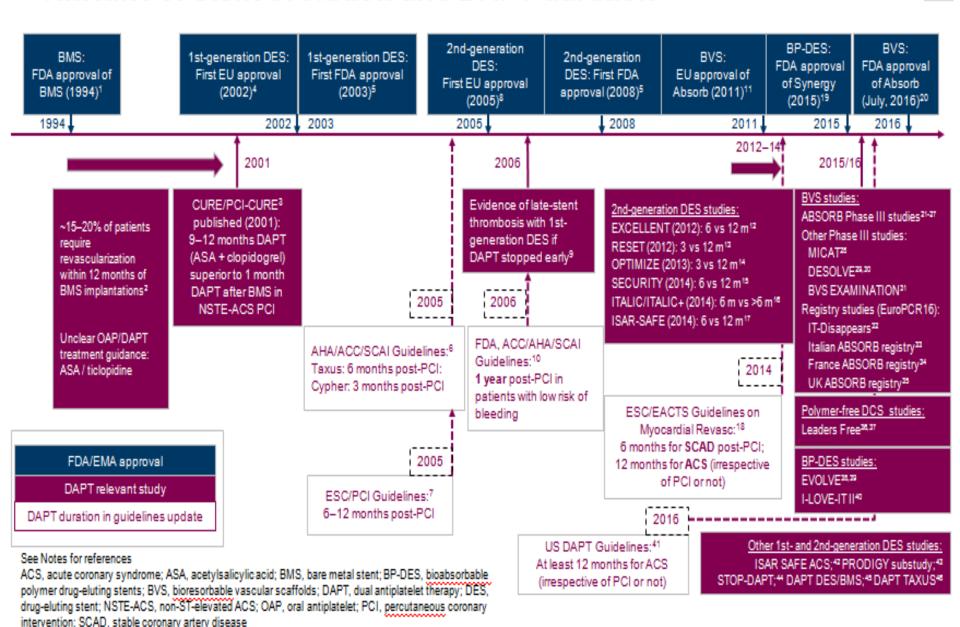
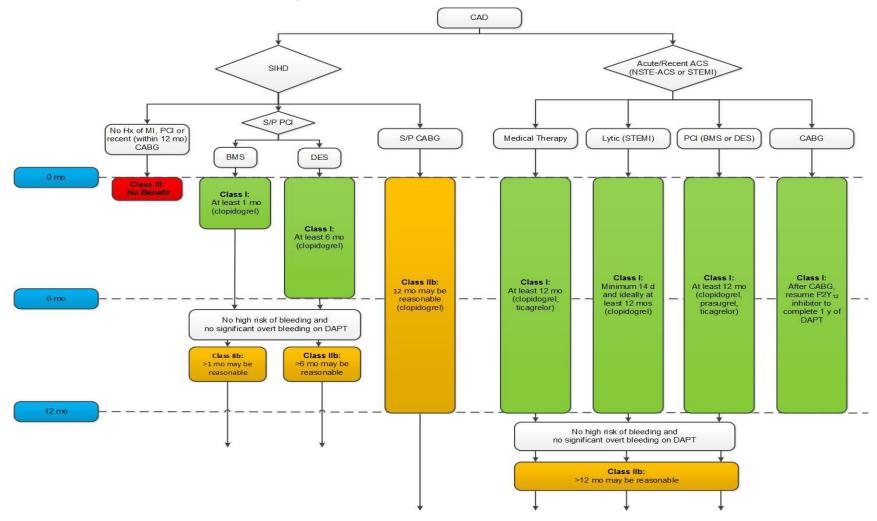


Figure 1. Master Treatment Algorithm for Duration of P2Y₁₂ Inhibitor Therapy in Patients With CAD Treated With DAPT







2016 ACC/AHA Duration of DAPT Guideline Focused Update

Overriding Concepts and Recommendations for DAPT and Duration of Therapy

- Specific P2Y₁₂ Inhibitors
- Aspirin Dosing in Patients Treated With DAPT





Overriding Concepts and Recommendations for DAPT and Duration of Therapy

Aspirin Dosing in Patients Treated With DAPT





Aspirin Dosing in Patients Treated With DAPT

COR	LOE	Recommendation	
-1		In patients treated with DAPT, a daily aspirin dose of 81 mg (range, 75 mg to 100 mg) is recommended.	





2016 ACC/AHA Duration of DAPT Guideline Focused Update

Percutaneous Coronary Intervention

- Duration of DAPT in Patients With SIHD Treated With PCI
- Duration of DAPT in Patients With ACS Treated With PCI





Percutaneous Coronary Intervention

Duration of DAPT in Patients With SIHD Treated With PCI





Figure 2. Treatment Algorithm for Duration of P2Y₁₂ Inhibitor Therapy in Patients Treated With PCI

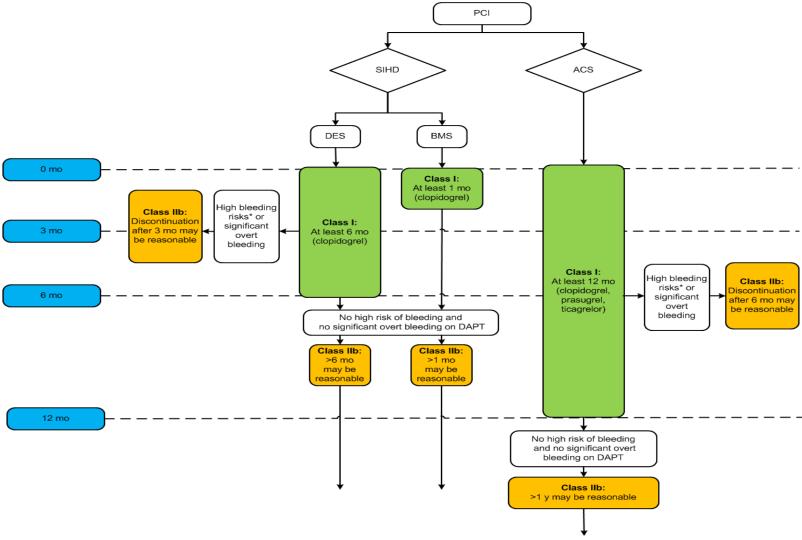
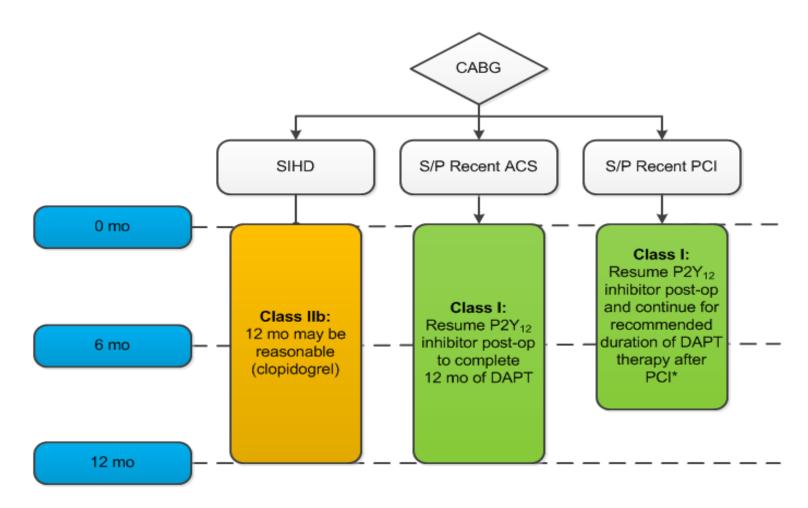






Figure 3. Treatment Algorithm for Management and Duration of P2Y₁₂ Inhibitor Therapy in Patients Undergoing CABG







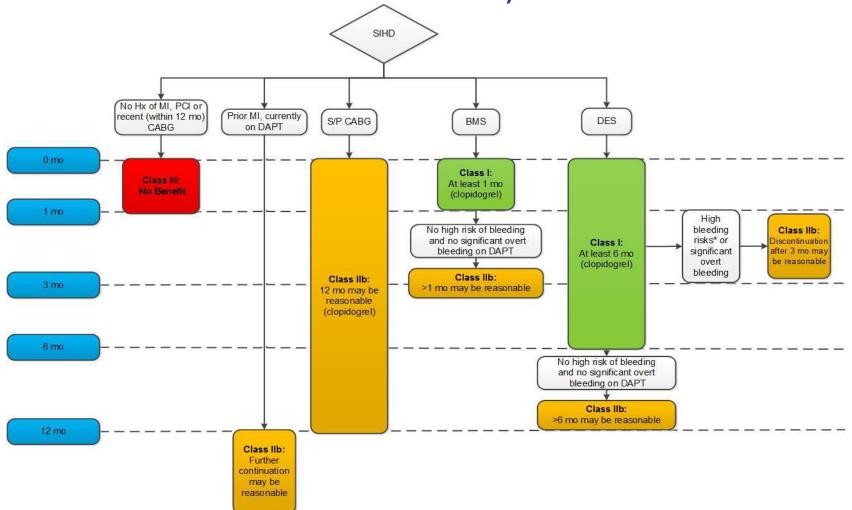
2016 ACC/AHA Duration of DAPT Guideline Focused Update

Stable Ischemic Heart Disease





Figure 4. Treatment Algorithm for Duration of P2Y₁₂ Inhibitor Therapy in Patients With SIHD (Without ACS Within the Past Several Years)







Acute Coronary Syndrome (NSTE-ACS and STEMI)

Duration of DAPT in Patients With ACS Treated With PCI





Duration of DAPT in Patients With ACS Treated With PCI

COR	LOE	Recommendations
I	B-R	In patients with ACS treated with DAPT after BMS or DES implantation, P2Y ₁₂ inhibitor therapy (clopidogrel, prasugrel, or ticagrelor) should be given for at least 12 months.
1	B-NR	In patients treated with DAPT, a daily aspirin dose of 81 mg (range, 75 mg to 100 mg) is recommended.
lla	B-R	In patients with ACS treated with DAPT after coronary stent implantation, it is reasonable to use ticagrelor in preference to clopidogrel for maintenance P2Y ₁₂ inhibitor therapy.
lla	B-R	In patients with ACS treated with DAPT after coronary stent implantation, who are not at high risk for bleeding complications and who do not have a history of stroke or TIA, it is reasonable to choose prasugrel over clopidogrel for maintenance P2Y ₁₂ inhibitor therapy.





Duration of DAPT in Patients With ACS Treated With PCI (cont'd)

LOE	Recommendations	
A ^{SR}	In patients with ACS treated with coronary stent implantation who have tolerated DAPT without bleeding complication and who are not at high bleeding risk (e.g., prior bleeding on DAPT, coagulopathy, oral anticoagulant use) continuation of DAPT for longer than 12 months may be reasonable.	
C-LD	In patients with ACS treated with DAPT after DES implantation who develop a high risk of bleeding (e.g., treatment with oral anticoagulant therapy), are	
B-R	Prasugrel should not be administered to patients with a prior history of stroke or TIA.	
	A SR	

SR indicates systematic review.





ESC STEMI and NSTE-ACS Guidelines

Recommendations	Class	Level
STEMI ¹		
DAPT must be continued for up to 12 months, with a strict minimum of:	- 1	С
 1 month for patients receiving BMS 	- 1	С
6 months for patients receiving DES	llb	В
NSTE-ACS ²		
DAPT should be maintained for 12 months, irrespective of the type of stent	-	-

Contraindication and other label requirements still apply

Steq PG et al. Eur Heart J 2012;33:2569–2619.

Hamm CW et al. Eur Heart J 2011;32:2999–3054

ESC/EACTS Myocardial Revascularization Guidelines

Recommendations ¹	Class	Level
STEMI		
DAPT for 12 months unless excessive bleeding risk	1	A/B
NSTE-ACS		
DAPT for 12 months unless excessive bleeding risk	1	A/B
Stable CAD		
DAPT for at least 1 month after BMS implantation	1	Α
DAPT for 6 months after DES implantation	1	В
 Shorter duration (<6 months) may be considered after DES in patients at high bleeding risk 	llb	Α

 CAD is not a licensed indication for ticagrelor and CAD should not be raised proactively with HCPs, nor reactively by sales reps

HCP, healthcare professional

Contraindication and other label requirements still apply

^{1.} Windecker S et al. Eur Heart J 2014; 35:2541-2619

THANKS



